Introduction

Fructans, inulin and fructo-oligosaccharides (FOS) are used as ingredients in all kinds of food, feed and pet food products. Fructans are mandatory components in infant formula and adult nutrition. These carbohydrates occur naturally in vegetables, such as onions, Jerusalem artichokes, asparagus, garlic, and chicory. Fructans pass the stomach and small intestine unchanged and are fermented in the large intestine. As prebiotics they stimulate growth and activity of gastrointestinal microbiota and benefit our health having a low glycemic response.

Inulin vs FOS

Inulin consist of β(2→1) linked fructose blocks and may contain a starting, non-reducing, glucose. In native inulins (e.g. chicory) the number of fructose units can be over 60. Inulin consists of GFn- and Fm-type molecules. GFn are non-reducing carbohydrates, while Fm molecules have a reducing fructose. FOS is a low molecular weight material with degree of polymerisation up to 10. There are two types of FOS, being materials prepared either by hydrolysis of inulin or by enzymatic elongation of sucrose.

Functionality & Markets

Fructans improve physical and structural properties such as hydration, oil-holding capacity, viscosity, texture, sensory characteristics, taste and shelf life. Fructans are used as: Dietary fiber; Prebiotic; Sugar replacement. Applications are sugar free or low calorie products, non-artificial sweetener in confectionary; Fiber-rich (label claim) products in retail, e.g. bakery, breakfast cereals, pasta, dairy, ice cream, snacks; Infant formula & adult nutrition (mandatory on label); Savory; Gluten-free products; Health care nutrition (supplements).

Methods of fructan analysis

Fructans are not correctly quantified by the classical dietary fiber tests, e.g. AOAC 985.29 and 991.43. Different analytical methods are described for fructan analysis, e.g. AOAC 997.08, 999.03 and 2016.14. The methods have different scopes, as such there is not one ‘golden standard’ method available. It is necessary to choose the method that is best suitable for your product. On the next page a decision tree will help to choose the correct test.

AOAC 999.03 & AOAC 997.08 vs AOAC2016.14

The AOAC 999.03 is suitable for all kind of foods and differs from the AOAC 997.08, being applicable for ingredients, in that samples with high contents of monosaccharides, sucrose, maltodextrin or starch can be accurately measured. The AOAC 2016.14 (co-developed by CCC & Nestle*) is well-suited for infant formula, pediatric & adult nutrition products as well as low fructan content product. Multi-laboratory trials are planned for becoming final action AOAC, ISO (CD 22579) & IDF methods.

Advantages: Relative fast test. Low levels of fructans can be tested. No need for information on fructan type.

### Decision tree to choose the most suitable fructan test

#### Ingridient or finished product

- **Ingredient / raw material**
  - Inulin or FOS
  - **Inulin / don't know**
  - FOS

- **Finished product**
  - Infant formula & adult nutrition
  - **High sugar, starch/maltodextrin & low fructan content**
  - **Need AOAC 997.08**
  - No
  - **Need AOAC 999.03**
  - Yes

- **Infant formula / Other product**
  - **Other product**
  - Info about fructan available?
  - Yes
  - No

- **Contain Fm?**
  - Yes
  - **Contact us**
  - No

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1) Suitable for inulin or hydrolyzed inulin with avg. DP=10 and ratio fructose/glucose 9:1. Not suitable for FOS such as Actilight, inulin with DP>10 or samples with very high sucrose concentrations.

2) The test is conform AOAC 2016.14. For matrices other than infant formula and adult nutrition, please contact us.

### Our tests at a glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test code</th>
<th>Analytical method</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HEC1G / HEC2V / HEC2U</td>
<td>In house method based on AOAC 997.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEC3E (liquid samples) HEC3D (solid samples)</td>
<td>AOAC 999.03 (equivalent &amp; accredited)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEC3G HEC3F (ready for consumption)</td>
<td>AOAC 2016.14 (conform)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEC30</td>
<td>Fingerprint (qualitative)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEC0R (quant. FOS DP2-DP7)</td>
<td>in house method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Also available for your exports to China: **GB 5009.255-2016** (Chinese standard for fructan determination in food). Test codes HEC3I (FOS, av. DP=4), HEC3J (Inulin, av. DP=10), HEC3K (polyfructose, av. DP=23). Contact us for more information.

### Contact us


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