

Food Legislation News

No. 6 – December 2025

Statements of the ALTS

The **Working Group of Experts in the Field of Food Hygiene and Food of Animal Origin (ALTS)** adopted the following resolutions during its 95th working session:

FIC – Designation and composition of broths used as ingredients in ready meals, soups, stews and cooked sausages or similar products

The decision includes the description of various types of broths which, in the opinion of ALTS, are considered compound ingredients (decision 2025/95/02).

Risk assessment of analytically determined allergen levels in foods labelled as “free from ...” or equivalent:

ALTS recommends applying the regularly updated table published on the BVL website for the assessment of analytically determined allergen levels (decision 2025/95/04; in German: https://www.bvl.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/01_Lebensmittel/ALS_ALTS/Risikobewertung_frei_von_Produkte.pdf;jsessionid=F74A4862BA634AD636B2107DE588A2AD.internet012?_blob=publicationFile&v=2).

Is the enzyme transglutaminase a mandatory ingredient for labelling when used in the production of meat products?

The enzyme transglutaminase used in the production of meat products is subject to mandatory ingredient labelling (decision 2025/95/10).

Assessment proposals for detection of noroviruses and hepatitis A viruses in food and environmental samples:

ALTS has developed detailed assessment proposals for various scenarios (decision 2025/95/13).

Microbiological quality of ice cubes, crushed ice, flake ice and shaved ice for consumption from ice makers in the catering sector:

For the microbiological assessment of ice cubes, crushed ice, flake ice and shaved ice for consumption from ice makers in the catering sector, ALTS has developed an assessment scheme (decision 2025/95/17).

Chicken nuggets – Labelling when sold in (system) catering:

If a deviation from the guideline specifications is not indicated in direct connection with the trade name on the price board, this is misleading (decision 2025/95/22).

Guide 3 of the ALTS subgroup food histology: instructions for bone counting – standardised method of the subgroup food histology for counting bone units:

The guide recommended by ALTS is available on the BVL website (decision 2025/95/23; in German: https://www.bvl.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/01_Lebensmittel/ALS_ALTS/Leitfaden_3_Anleitung_Knochenz%C3%A4hlung.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=2).

Note:

Statements by ALTS are not legally binding; they can be regarded as expert opinions.

Further details, as well as an up-to-date overview of statements in German, the statements from the most recent meeting, and the archive can be found at: https://www.bvl.bund.de/EN/Tasks/01_Food/01_tasks/02_OfficialFoodControl/13_ALTS/Im_ALTS_basepage.html.

News from BfR

The Federal Institute for Risk Assessment (BfR) has published the following, among others:

Food supplements with vitamin D – intake in high single doses:

Taking very high single doses (“bolus doses”) of vitamin D via food supplements at intervals of days or weeks poses health risks. BfR recommends, if necessary, taking a lower daily dose and using food supplements with up to 20 µg vitamin D (800 IU) per day. At this dosage, no health risks are expected even with long-term intake and considering other sources of vitamin D in food. Bolus doses of vitamin D and vitamin K in combination should only be taken under medical supervision (Opinion No. 031/2025; <https://www.bfr.bund.de/en/opinions/high-single-doses-of-vitamin-d-via-food-supplements-at-intervals-of-days-or-weeks-associated-with-health-risks/>).

Kratom preparations:

In its notification of 4 September 2025, BfR points out that consumption of preparations made from the leaves of the kratom tree (*Mitragyna speciosa*) can lead to health impairments. The legal classification of these products in Germany is currently not conclusively clarified, and there is insufficient data for a comprehensive risk assessment. (<https://www.bfr.bund.de/en/notification/kratom-preparations-consumption-may-cause-health-problems/>).

Lupin seeds – alkaloids and allergies:

For assessing potential health risks of lupin seeds in food, the content of quinolizidine alkaloids (QA) in lupins and the risk of allergic reactions are relevant. However, the current data situation is insufficient for a conclusive assessment (Opinion No. 035/2025, <https://www.bfr.bund.de/en/opinions/alkaloids-and-allergies-current-data-on-health-risks-from-lupin-seeds-in-food/>).

Mushrooms – risk of confusion:

In press release No. 22/2025 of 24 September 2025, BfR warns of possible mushroom poisoning and provides emergency guidance and various tips on collecting and preparing mushrooms. Particular attention is drawn to the unreliability of mushroom identification apps (<https://www.bfr.bund.de/en/press-release/mushroom-poisoning-mix-ups-can-be-fatal/>).

Salt with potassium or sodium iodate:

Iodised table salt is considered a compound ingredient and must be declared in the list of ingredients, e.g., as “iodised salt (salt, potassium iodate)”. BfR and the Max Rubner Institute (MRI) conclude in their joint opinion that it is not necessary for health reasons to know the exact iodine compound in

iodised salt. The simplified designation “iodised salt” is therefore sufficient from a health perspective. For purchasing decisions, it is more relevant whether the salt contains iodine or not. (Opinion No. 039/2025, <https://www.bfr.bund.de/en/opinions/for-salt-with-potassium-or-sodium-iodate-the-simplified-designation-iodised-salt-is-sufficient-from-a-health-perspective/>).

Health assessment of the use of sweeteners in soft drinks:

BfR assessed whether the intake of sweeteners solely via soft drinks poses a health risk for children and adolescents aged 0.5 to 17 years. BfR found that consumption of soft drinks with currently common sweetener levels does not exceed the acceptable daily intake (ADI) for children and adolescents. However, higher consumption or additional sources (e.g., other sweetener-containing foods) could lead to exceeding the ADI for individual sweeteners (Opinion No. 040/2025, in German: <https://www.bfr.bund.de/stellungnahme/gesundheitsliche-bewertung-der-verwendung-von-suessungsmitteln-in-erfrischungsgetraenken/>).

PFAS – levels in hen eggs from different housing systems:

Levels of per- and polyfluorinated alkyl substances (PFAS) in hen eggs have decreased compared to previous studies. Nevertheless, eggs can make a relevant contribution to overall PFAS intake from food. The highest levels were found in eggs from organic and free-range systems, the lowest in eggs from barn systems. Overall, health impairments from egg consumption alone are not expected. However, total PFAS intake via food remains a concern. (Opinion No. 043/2025, in German: <https://www.bfr.bund.de/stellungnahme/weniger-pfas-in-huehnereiern-aus-boden-und-freilandhaltung-eier-und-eiprodukte-tragen-aber-weiterhin-zur-gesamtexposition-bei/>).

PFAS – FAQ updated:

On 7 October 2025, BfR updated its FAQ on per- and polyfluorinated alkyl substances (PFAS) (<https://www.bfr.bund.de/en/service/frequently-asked-questions/topic/here-to-stay-per-and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas-in-food-and-in-the-environment/>).

Hygiene of food and consumer goods during bird flu – FAQ:

BfR has compiled selected questions and answers on bird flu and how to protect yourself and your family (<https://www.bfr.bund.de/en/service/frequently-asked-questions/topic/selected-questions-and-answers-relating-to-hygiene-of-food-and-consumables-in-times-of-the-bird-flu-how-can-i-protect-myself-and-my-family/>).

Publications from BVL

The Federal Office of Consumer Protection and Food Safety (BVL) has published, among others:

Veterinary medicinal products:

BVL has published announcements on the authorisation of veterinary medicinal products and other official acts dated 19 August 2025.

Links in German:

- https://www.bvl.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/05_Tierarzneimittel/Bekanntmachungen/2025_09_25_Bekanntmachung_BAnz.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=2
- https://www.bvl.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/05_Tierarzneimittel/Bekanntmachungen/2025_09_26_Bekanntmachung_BAnz.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=2

Information on plant protection products:

Comprehensive information on authorised plant protection products, revoked and suspended authorisations, and emergency authorisations can be accessed on the BVL website: www.bvl.bund.de (https://www.bvl.bund.de/EN/Tasks/04_Plant_protection_products/01_ppp_tasks/02_ppp_AuthorisationReviewActSub/01_ppps_authorised/ppp_authorised_node.html).

Judgements

CJEU – nutrition labelling, foods for special medical purposes (FSMP):

If the mandatory nutrition declaration for a food for special medical purposes (FSMP) is provided on the back of the packaging per 100 g or 100 ml, then additional information on the front such as energy value and the amount of various nutrients per portion or consumption unit is not permitted. These cannot be regarded as a description of the properties and/or characteristics of the food under Article 5(2)(g) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/128. This constitutes an impermissible repetition of nutrition information under Article 6(2) of the said regulation (judgement of 9 October 2025, C-315/24, <https://curia.europa.eu/juris/document/document.jsf?mode=DOC&pageIndex=0&docid=305027&part=1&doclang=EN&text=&dir=&occ=first&cid=11523112>).

Federal Court of Justice (BGH) – reference price:

When advertising a price reduction, the lowest total price of the last 30 days must be indicated. The indication must be unambiguous, clearly visible and easily legible. With this judgment, the Federal Court of Justice confirmed the view of the lower courts (BGH, 9 October 2025, case I ZR 183/24, in German:

<https://www.bundesgerichtshof.de/SharedDocs/Pressemitteilungen/DE/2025/2025184.html>,
<https://juris.bundesgerichtshof.de/cgi-bin/rechtsprechung/document.py?Gericht=bgh&Art=pm&Datum=2025&nr=143157&linked=urt&Blank=1&file=dokument.pdf>).

Organic labelling despite addition of vitamins and minerals?

A mixture of organically produced fruit juices and herbal extracts with added non-plant-based vitamins and minerals may not bear either the EU organic logo or the national organic seal. According to the Federal Administrative Court, even a reference to the organic production of individual ingredients in the list of ingredients is not permitted (BVerwG, judgement of 4 September 2025, case 3 C 13.24, in German: <https://www.bverwg.de/pm/2025/64>).

Miscellaneous

Origin labelling for honey:

The EU Honey Directive was amended by Directive (EU) 2024/1438 of 14 May 2024, requiring that individual countries of origin must be indicated in future. Statements such as “blend of honey from EU countries and non-EU countries” will no longer be permitted. The provisions of the Directive must be transposed into national law by 14 December 2025 and applied from 14 June 2026 (<https://eur-lex.europa.eu/EN/legal-content/summary/eu-labelling-rules-for-honey.html>, https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=OJ:L_202401438). The corresponding implementation in Germany by amending the Honey Ordinance had not yet been completed at the editorial deadline (in German: <https://www.bundesrat.de/SharedDocs/beratungsvorgaenge/2025/0401-0500/0418-25.html?templateQueryString=Honig&fromSearch=true>).

Inorganic arsenic:

Regulation (EU) 2025/1891 of 17 September 2025 introduced maximum levels for inorganic arsenic in fish and seafood. These maximum levels have applied since 8 October 2025. Foods lawfully placed on the market before this date may remain on the market until their best-before or use-by date (https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=OJ:L_202501891).

Additives sorbic acid, potassium sorbate:

Regulation (EU) 2025/2060 of 14 October 2025 extended the authorised use of sorbic acid (E 200) and potassium sorbate (E 202) to non-heat-treated plant-based mousses (https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=OJ:L_202502060&qid=1762189169641).

Additive quillaia extract:

The authorised use of quillaia extract (E 999) was extended and the corresponding specification amended by Regulation (EU) 2025/2084 of 17 October 2025 (https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=OJ:L_202502084&qid=1762189690210).

Guidelines of the German Food Code:

The following amendments were published in the Federal Gazette:

- Amendment of the guidelines for pasta products (in German: <https://www.bundesanzeiger.de/pub/publication/L9EX4YmuUvpylbFmInC/content/L9EX4YmuUvpylbFmInC/BAnz%20AT%2008.10.2025%20B11.pdf?inline>)
- Amendment of the guidelines for crustaceans and molluscs (in German: <https://www.bundesanzeiger.de/pub/publication/sPuECi1XSyHGADVARoj/content/sPuECi1XSyHGADVARoj/BAnz%20AT%2020.10.2025%20B5.pdf?inline>).

Last update: 27 October 2025

EC Alert Notifications

Following are notifications chosen from the European Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed. Considered were alerts for food, information and border rejections which arrived **between 16 September and 6 November 2025**.

Source:

https://www.bvl.bund.de/DE/Arbeitsbereiche/01_Lebensmittel/01_Aufgaben/04_Warn_und_Informationssysteme/00_Warn_und_Informationssysteme/01_RASFF/021_aktuelle_rasff_meldungen/aktuelle_meldungen_lm_box.html (in German)

Reason for Notifying	Product	Country of Origin	Notes	Number
Mykotoxine				
Aflatoxins total: 65	peanuts, pistachios, figs, hazelnuts, almonds, brazil nuts (including products)			58
	nutmeg	Indonesia	B1: 13 µg/kg	1
	bread premix	Netherlands	B1: 8.0 µg/kg	1
	organic baby biscuits	France	B1: 0.23 µg/kg	1

Reason for Notifying	Product	Country of Origin	Notes	Number
	basmati rice	Pakistan, Italia	B1: up 11 µg/kg; total: up 13 µg/kg	3
	raisins	Turkey	B1: 27.8 µg/kg; total: 58.4 µg/kg	1
Ochratoxin A	dried figs	Turkey	up 176.3 µg/kg	18
	dried mulberries	Turkey, Uzbekistan	up 43.6 µg/kg	3
	dried apricots	Turkey	22 µg/kg	1
	raisins	Pakistan	42.30 µg/kg	1
	grape wine	Ukraine	up 8.5 µg/kg	1
	cayenne pepper, ground sweet paprika	Spain, Russia	up 91.1 µg/kg	2
	walnut bread	France	10.2 µg/kg	1
	crispy muesli	Belgium	12 µg/kg	1
	coffee	France	5.8 µg/kg	1
	instant coffee	India	up 9.1 µg/kg	1
	pistachio cream	Netherlands	2.41 µg/kg	1
	brown basmati rice	India	4.7 µg/kg	1
	food supplement	China	25 µg/kg	1
Fumonisin	polenta	Belgium	2,470 µg/kg	1
Alternaria toxins	black sesame seeds	Bolivia	Alternariol (AOH): 59.5 µg/kg, Alternariolmonomethyl ether (AME): 108 µg/kg	1
Heavy Metals / Other Metals				
Lead	deer sausage	Austria	0.20 mg/kg	1
	semi-refined tuna oil	China	0.42 mg/kg	1
	ginger powder	Germany	1.67 mg/kg	1
	cinnamon powder	Vietnam	2.68 mg/kg	1
	matcha green tea	China		1
	food supplement	India, Ghana	up 20.5 mg/kg	2
Cadmium	mussels	Norway	22 mg/kg	1
	avocados	Chile	0.0613 mg/kg	1
	sunflower seeds	Bulgaria and Italy	0.65 mg/kg	1
	yam root	China	0.079 mg/kg	1

Reason for Notifying	Product	Country of Origin	Notes	Number
	onions	Belgium	0.082 mg/kg	1
	organic eyebright herb	Bulgaria		1
Mercury	fish, fish products	Spain, Morocco, Indonesia, Portugal	up 3.1 mg/kg	11
	food supplement	India	0.21 mg/kg	1
Arsenic	rice	Italy	0.52 mg/kg	1
	fish fillet	UK	48 mg/kg	1
	food supplement	Ghana	22.4 mg/kg	1
Iron	food supplement	Finland	too high concentration	1
Nickel	peppers, red pepperoni	Albania, Northern Macedonia	up 0.6 mg/kg	2
	toasted sunflower paste	France	9.6 mg/kg	1
Tin	canned ananas	Thailand	276 mg/kg	1
Other Contaminants / Residues				
Radioactivity	fresh mushrooms (cantharellus)	Russia	764.97 Bq/kg	1
Ethylcarbamate	mirabelle brandy	France	1.54 mg/l	1
Ethylene oxide, 2-Chloroethanol	black garlic cloves, organic chamomile tea, ground cinnamon, spice mix	China, Sri Lanka, Vietnam, India		4
Benzo(a)pyrene, Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)	smoked cheese	Slovakia		1
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (DEHP)	sauce dip	Turkey	0.228 mg/kg	1
Mineral oil hydrocarbons (MOSH/MOAH)	basmati rice	Pakistan	MOSH: 17 mg/kg; MOAH: 3.7 mg/kg	1
	MCT oil coconut	Germany	MOAH: 58 mg/kg	1
	olive oil	Spain	MOAH: up 42 mg/kg	2
	unrefined palm oil	Ecuador	MOAH: 10 mg/kg	1
	smoked paprika powder	Spain	MOAH: 5.6 mg/kg	1
	raisin buns	Netherlands	MOAH: 1.3 mg/kg	1
	marshmallows	Belgium	(MOAH)	1
3-Monochloro-1,2-propanediol (3-MCPD)	olive oil	Spain	2,300 µg/kg	1
	vegetable ghee	Oman	up 4,612 µg/kg	1
	soya sauce	China	47.7 µg/kg	1

Reason for Notifying	Product	Country of Origin	Notes	Number
	confectionery	Turkey		1
Glycidyl esters	bakery products	Saudi Arabia	2,367 µg/kg	1
Hydroxyanthracene derivates	food supplement	India	Aloin-A: 7,322 µg/kg; Aloin-B: 5,224 µg/kg	1
	food supplement	India	Aloe-Emodin: 4,094 µg/kg; Emodin: 1,021 µg/kg	1
	raw material for food supplement	France	Aloe-Emodin: up 11,820 µg/kg; Emodin: 2,228 µg/kg	1
	fermented plums	Switzerland	(Aloe-Emodin)	1
Diarrhetic shellfish toxins (DSP)	mussels	Portugal	219 µg/kg	1
	mussels, shellfish	France		3
Ergot (<i>Claviceps purpurea</i>)	bakery products	Netherlands	Ergot alkaloids: 354 µg/kg	1
	organic rye flour	Netherlands	Ergot alkaloids: 1,318 µg/kg	1
Pyrrolizidine alkaloids (PA)	spice Ajwain	India	1,100 µg/kg	1
	oregano	Turkey, France	up 29,585 µg/kg	5
	cumin seed	Turkey	1,034 µg/kg	1
	spice mix	France	1,313.2 µg/kg	1
	organic eyebright herb	Bulgaria	748 µg/kg	1
	herbal infusions for infants and young children	Italy	9,670 µg/kg	1
	herbal tea	Poland, Turkey	up 1,550 µg/kg	2
	chamomile instant tea	Poland	2,007 µg/kg	1
Tropane alkaloids	wheat flour	Spain	(Atropine)	1
	mint tea	Slovenia	Atropine:490 µg/kg; Scopolamine: 820 µg/kg	1
	corn for popcorn	Argentina and Italy	9.4 µg/kg	1
Histamine	fish, fish products	Sri Lanka, Netherlands	up 1,101 mg/kg	2
Iodine	organic dried seaweed	South Korea	272 mg/kg	1
Hydrocyanic acid	linseed	Italy, Kazakhstan	up 415 mg/kg	2

Reason for Notifying	Product	Country of Origin	Notes	Number
Pharmacological Active Substances				
Monacoline K	food supplement	Belgium	too high intake	1
Muscimol, fly agaric	gummies	Czech Rep.	(fly agaric)	1
	confectionery	Ukraine	Muscimol: 223 mg/kg	1
	food supplement	Poland, Sweden	(Muscimol)	2
Cannabidiol (CBD), Hexahydrocannabinol (HHC), 10-Hydroxyhexacannabinol (10-OH-HHC), Tetrahydrocannabiphorol (THCP)	CBD oils, confectionery, dark chocolate	Netherlands, Czech Rep., France, USA, unknown	CBD	9
	confectionery	Czech Rep.	HHC	1
	food supplement	Sweden	CBD, 10-OH-HHC	1
	confectionery	Netherlands	THCP	1
Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC)	CBD oil	France	733 mg/kg	1
	cookies	Czech Rep.	up 196.3 mg/kg	1
	confectionery	Czech Rep., USA, Netherlands, unknown	up 2,111 mg/kg	6
Opium alkaloids	poppy seeds	Slovakia, Czech Rep.	up 88.2 mg/kg	2
1,3-Dimethylamylamine (DMAA)	food supplement	Unknown via UK		1
Pancreatin	food supplement	USA, UK, Portugal		3
Paracetamol	gherkins in acetic acid	India	up 28.6 mg/kg	2
Boldenone	bovine carcasses	France		1
Dexamethasone	beef	Poland	158.3 µg/kg (liver)	1
Chloramphenicol	linden honey	Romania	0.242 µg/kg	1
Florfenicol und Tulathromycin	beef	Poland	Florfenicol: 373 µg/kg; Tulathromycin: 3,887.1 µg/kg	1
Metronidazole	honey	Moldova	2.70 µg/kg	1
Nitrofurantol metabolite	eggs	Ukraine	Furazolidone (AOZ): 2 µg/kg	1
	shimps	India	Furazolidone (AOZ): 0.69 µg/kg	1
	pangasius	Vietnam	Furazolidone (AOZ)	1

Reason for Notifying	Product	Country of Origin	Notes	Number
	shrimps	India	Nitrofurazone (SEM): 0.53 µg/kg	1
	sheep casings	Pakistan	Nitrofurazone (SEM): 1.75 µg/kg	1
Aminoguanidine (AGN)	shrimps	India	0.050 µg/kg	1
Sulfonamides and Trimethoprim	comb honey	Turkey and Germany	Sulfadiazine: 5.6 µg/kg; Sulfadimidine: 1.4 µg/kg; Sulfamethoxazole: up 11.1 µg/kg; Trimethoprim: up 21 µg/kg	1
Tetracycline	chicken meat	Belgium	Doxycycline: 129 µg/kg	1
Sibutramine	tea	Turkey		1
Yohimbine	food supplement	Germany, UK, USA		3
Unauthorised Colours				
Gardenia Yellow (E164)	food supplement	South Korea		1
Orange II	cracker mix	Turkey		1
Sudan IV	palm oil	Guinea		1
Titanium dioxide (E 171)	food supplement	USA		1
	Confectionery, chewing gum	USA, Netherlands, UK, Canada		6
	biscuits	Ukraine		1
	mixed puddings	Thailand		1
	syrup, dried waxberries	China		2
Miscellaneous				
Benzalkonium chloride	wine	South Africa	0.35 mg/kg	1
Glycerine content too high	slush ice concentrate	China	71,800 mg/l	1
Parasitic infestation with Anisakis	fish, fish products	Iceland, Chile, Denmark, Argentina		5
GMO, not authorised	papaya	Thailand		1
	rice cake	China		1
Irradiation, not authorised	sweet paprika	China		1
Foodborne disease outbreak	pickled tuffe	Australia		1

Reason for Notifying	Product	Country of Origin	Notes	Number
	herring	Netherlands		1
	chocolate milk	Belgium		1
Pathogenic Germs				
Salmonella total: 87	meat, meat products (including poultry)			63
	salmon	Poland		1
	shrimps	India		1
	mussels	Ireland, Spain		5
	sesame, sesame products	Syria, Uganda, India, Nigeria		7
	pumpkin seeds	Austria		1
	sunflower seeds	Bulgaria		1
	macadamia nuts	Malawi		1
	dried basil	Egypt		1
	thyme	Poland		1
	turmeric powder	India		1
	cassava leaves	Vietnam		1
	food supplement	Austria, Poland		2
	potato pancakes with meat filling	Lithuania		1
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	meat, meat products (including poultry)	Poland, Belgium, France, Italy	(1x suspicion)	5
	fish, fish products	Denmark, Sweden, France, Belgium, Italy (raw mat. Spain), Netherlands (raw mat. Germany), Netherlands, Lithuania, Poland		9
	shrimps, shrimp products	Germany, Netherlands		4
	buffaloumi cheese, burrata, mozzarella, cheese	Ireland, Italy, France		5
	yogurt drink	Austria		1
	enoki mushrooms	China		1
	lamb`s lettuce, mixed lettuce	France		2
	prepared dish with noodles	Ireland		1
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	tofu	Austria, China		2
	turmeric powder	India		1

Reason for Notifying	Product	Country of Origin	Notes	Number
	dried mushrooms	China		1
<i>Campylobacter spp.</i>	marinated chicken cutlets	Austria		1
Shiga toxin-producing E.coli (STEC)	beef, beef carpaccio, beef tartar, raw susage, salami, meat preparation	Uruguay, Netherlands, Belgium, Italy, Germany		7
	raw milk cheese, soft cheese, goat's raw milk cheese	France		4
	sprouts	Austria		1
	broccoli sprouts	Germany (raw mat. Italy)		1
	salad mix	Netherlands		1
<i>Vibrio cholerae</i>	shrimps	Ecuador		2
Hepatitis A Virus	mussels	Spain		1

Created:
Susanne Ermert-Knauf
Eurofins Analytik GmbH
Neuländer Kamp 1
D-21079 Hamburg
Susanne.Ermert-Knauf@ftdach.eurofins.com

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